IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously Presented) A method for storing network traffic data, the method comprising:

retrieving a hit record of network traffic data;

assigning the hit record to a visitor;

recognizing visit information for the visitor based on the hit record;

identifying a content group viewed by the visitor; and

storing the visit information for the visitor and the content group viewed by the visitor in a database.

- 2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein retrieving a hit record includes retrieving the hit record from a log file.
- 3. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein retrieving a hit record includes retrieving the hit record from the database.
- 4. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein recognizing visit information includes assigning the hit record to a visit.
- 5. (Original) A method according to claim 4, wherein assigning the hit record includes selecting the visit based on an Internet Protocol (IP) address within the hit record and a time delta since a previous hit record with the IP address.
- 6. (Original) A method according to claim 4, wherein assigning the hit record includes selecting the visit based on a cookie within the hit record and a time delta since a previous hit record with the cookie.
 - 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein recognizing visit information includes identifying an advertising campaign that brought the visitor to a business.
- 9. (Original) A method according to claim 1, the method further comprising extracting the visit information from a web-based form.

- 10. (Original) A method according to claim 9, wherein extracting the visit information includes identifying an amount of money spent during a visit.
- 11. (Original) A method according to claim 1, the method further comprising eliminating inaccurate counting of visit information from the database.
- 12. (Original) A method according to claim 11, wherein eliminating inaccurate counting includes:

identifying an open visit; and deleting visit information derived from the open visit.

- 13. (Original) A method according to claim 12, wherein:
 the method further comprises storing the hit record in a database; and
 eliminating inaccurate counting further includes regenerating visit information from the hit record
 in the database for the open visit.
- 14. (Original) A method according to claim 12, wherein eliminating inaccurate counting further includes:

detecting an open visit in a current time slice; determining a corresponding visit in an adjacent time slice; and adding visit information from the open visit to the corresponding visit.

15. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein storing the visit information includes:

using a semaphore on the database for a time range; and releasing the semaphore after the visit information is stored.

- 16. (Original) A method according to claim 15, wherein storing the visit information further includes blocking an operation on the time range until the semaphore is released.
 - 17. (Original) A method according to claim 1, further comprising: using a semaphore on the database; retrieving the visit information from the database; and

releasing the semaphore after the visit information is retrieved.

- 18. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein storing the visit information further includes taking a snapshot of a setting for the database for use in analyzing the visit information.
- 19. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein retrieving a hit record includes filtering the hit record.
- 20. (Original) A method according to claim 1, the method further comprising purging the visit information from the database.
- 21. (Original) A method according to claim 1, further comprising storing the hit record in the database.
- 22. (Original) A method according to claim 21, further comprising purging the hit record from the database.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable medium containing a program to store network traffic data, the program comprising:

retrieval software to retrieve a hit record of network traffic data;

assignment software to assign the hit record to a visitor;

recognition software to recognize visit information for the visitor based on the hit record;

identification software to identify a content group viewed by the visitor; and

storing software to store the visit information for the visitor and the content group viewed by the visitor in a database.

- 24. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the retrieval software includes retrieval software to retrieve the hit record from a log file.
- 25. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the retrieval software includes retrieval software to retrieve the hit record from the database.

- 26. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the recognition software includes assignment software to assign the hit record to a visit.
- 27. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 26, wherein the assignment software includes selection software to select the visit based on an Internet Protocol (IP) address within the hit record and a time delta since a previous hit record with the IP address.
- 28. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 26, wherein the assignment software includes selection software to select the visit based on a cookie within the hit record and a time delta since a previous hit record with the cookie.
 - 29. (Canceled)
- 30. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the recognition software includes identification software to identify an advertising campaign that brought the visitor to a business.
- 31. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, the program further comprising extraction software to extract the visit information from a web-based form.
- 32. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 31, wherein the extraction software includes identification software to identify an amount of money spent during a visit.
- 33. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, the program further comprising elimination software to eliminate inaccurate counting of visit information from the database.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 33, wherein the elimination software includes:

identification software to identify an open visit; and deletion software to delete visit information derived from the open visit.

35. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 34, wherein:

the program further comprises storing software to store the hit record in a database; and the elimination software further includes regenerating software to regenerate visit information from the hit record in the database for the open visit.

36. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 34, wherein the elimination software further includes:

detection software to detect an open visit in a current time slice; determination software to determine a corresponding visit in an adjacent time slice; and addition software to add visit information from the open visit to the corresponding visit.

37. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the storing software includes:

using software to use a semaphore on the database for a time range; and releasing software to release the semaphore after the visit information is stored.

- 38. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 37, wherein the storing software further includes blocking software to block an operation on the time range until the semaphore is released.
- 39. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, the program further comprising:

using software to use a semaphore on the database; retrieval software to retrieve the visit information from the database; and releasing software to release the semaphore after the visit information is retrieved.

- 40. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the storing software further includes snapshot software to take a snapshot of a setting for the database for use in analyzing the visit information.
- 41. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, wherein the retrieval software includes filtering software to filter the hit record.

- 42. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, the program further comprising purging software to purse the visit information from the database.
- 43. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 23, the program further comprising storing software to store the hit record in the database.
- 44. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 43, the program further comprising purging software to purge the hit record from the database.
- 45. (Previously Presented) An apparatus designed to store network traffic data, the apparatus comprising:
 - a computer system;
 - at least one hit record on the computer system;
- a database on the computer system, the database designed to store visit information derived from the hit record; and

means for deriving visit information from the hit record on the computer system, the visit information including at least one content group viewed by at least one visitor.

- 46. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 45, wherein the hit record is stored in a log file on the computer system.
- 47. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 45, wherein the hit record is stored in the database on the computer system.
- 48. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 45, wherein the means for deriving includes a data extractor designed to extract the visit information from the hit record.
- 49. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 45, the apparatus further comprising means for eliminating inaccurately counted the visit information.
- 50. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 49, wherein the means for eliminating includes means for purging the inaccurately counted visit information from the database.

- 51. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 45, the apparatus further comprising a snapshot of a setting for the database for use in analyzing the visit information.
- 52. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 45, the apparatus further comprising a semaphore for blocking an operation on a time range in the database.
- 53. (Previously Presented) A method for tracking a visit information, the method comprising:

assigning a name to the visit information;

identifying a uniform resource locator (URL) and a parameter name for the value for the visit information;

specifying the URL and the parameter name as a source of a value for the visit information; and storing the name of the visit information and the source of a value for the visit information in a database.

- 54. (Canceled)
- 55. (Original) A method according to claim 53, the method further comprising: accessing the value for the visit information for a visitor; and linking the visit information, the visitor, and the value for the visit information in the database.
- 56. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable medium containing a program to track a visitor characteristic, the program comprising:

assignment software to assign a name to the visit information;

identification software to identify a uniform resource locator (URL) and a parameter name for the value for the visit information;

specification software to specify the URL and the parameter name as a source of a value for the visit information; and

storage software to store the name of the visit information and the source of a value for the visit information in a database.

57. (Canceled)

58. (Original) A computer-readable medium containing a program according to claim 56, the program further comprising:

accessing software to access the value for the visit information for a visitor; and linking software to link the visit information, the visitor, and the value for the visit information in the database.